OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1744. [N°. 86.]

To JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *Esq*;

SIR,

THAT a People may preserve themſelves independent of all foreign Intereſts, however they may be connected with thoſe of their Sovereign, is evident from the late and preſent Conduct of the *Swedes*. That People now live under a Prince who, in his Youth, diſtinguiſh'd himſelf in high Commands, and in their Service; he was married to the favourite Siſter of their late King; he is the Head of a Houſe eminent by a long Deſcent of great Men, and, their not having attain'd to Electoral Dignity, gives them the ſame Luſtre as the Memory of *Brutus* and *Caſſius* receiv'd, when at the Funeral of *Auguſt*, their Statues only were left out of the Proceſſion; *Neglect* enhanced their *Glory*, and *Omiſſion* awakened *Remembrance*. In ſhort, the Houſe of *Heſſe* was conſpicuous for public Merit all over *Europe*, when another Houſe, ſince ſuperiour to to them in Title, was too deſpicable to be taken Notice of; and actually had for their Subſiſtance a Grant of a * Penſion from Queen *Elizabeth*, of no more than 300*l*. a Year.

Yet notwithſtanding all thoſe Advantages which the King of *Sweden* enjoys, we find the *Swedes* taking no Part in the preſent Commotions in *Germany*; we hear of no Troops they pay or ſend; of no Engagements they have entered into for the Defence of *Heſſe*. But if they ſhould take any Part in the preſent Affairs of *Germany*, it might not indeed be *prudent*, but it might be *defenſible*. They live upon the ſame Continent, ſome of their Poſſeſſions are contiguous to certain Powers now in Arms, and they have no Concerns in Trade to deter them. ——But has *G——t B——n* any ſuch Excuſes to plead? No: Yet we ſee her now venturing her laſt Shilling; the Sword is at the Throats of her Troops and Allies; they are ready to fall without the Glory even of a Struggle; and not a Reaſon has been advanced to the Public, not a ſingle Argument brought in Anſwer to the many ſtrong ones urged to prove that, as an Iſland, and an independent People, we have no more to do with the preſent War, than we could have in a War betwixt *Kouli Kan* and *Preſter John*.

But ſuppoſing our moſt ſagacious and deſerving M——rs were in the Right in affecting to deſpiſe making any Defence of their Meaſures, in Anſwer to what has been ſo often urged in this Paper, yet ſure the Writings of a crown'd Head, who has done you the Honour to eſpouſe your Sentiments, and even adopt ſome of your Expreſſions, claim ſome Regard. The Court of *Vienna* has thought ſo; but how well ſhe has ſucceeded in the Vindication ſhe has publiſh'd of her Conduct, may eaſily be perceived by any one who ſhall ever have, as I have had, the Misfortune of dipping into a long, dry, trifling Thing, without Spirit, Sentiment, Stile; and as it has appeared in an *Engliſh* Dreſs in our G——tte, without *common Senſe* to recommend it; I mean *the Tranſlation of the Queen of* H——y's *Letter to Count* Dohna, *Miniſter from the King of* Pruſſia.

As to the Facts contained in the Reſcript and Manifeſto, I am no Judge; but if a Judgment is to be formed from a Compariſon of the Writings that have paſs'd betwixt the two Courts upon this Occaſion, the Advocates for her *H——n* Ma——y, have clearly given up the Juſtice of her Cauſe. The two Pieces of his *Pruſſian* Majeſty are ſuch as no Pen but his own could have drawn up; they are clear, expreſſive, touching, and manly; in ſhort they partake nothing of the confuſed, dirty, grovelling Manner, which is peculiar to all the Writings that come from the Court of his Antagoniſt. I ſhall, therefore, juſt beg Leave to ſubmit the Compariſon of both, in a few glaring Inſtances, to the Conſideration of your Readers, without pretending to be an Advocate for either Party.

His *P——n* Majeſty very poſitively and clearly advances againſt her Majeſty of *H——y*, Charges which are not vague and indetermined, as in Alterations of this Kind is generally the Caſe, but built upon expreſs Facts, which cannot be miſunderſtood, and as ſuch eaſily admit of Confutation, if falſe; He ſays, *That her* H——n *M——y in her Proteſt, declared the Election of the Emperor void*, an Election which had been promoted and made even by her Majeſty's principal Ally, the E——r of *H——r*. But what is the Anſwer of the Court of *Vienna* to this Charge? Without denying the Reality of the Proteſts which appear to have been deliver'd to the Diétature, we are told that *He never meant to do the leaſt Prejudice to the Prerogatives of the Electoral College. That the Proteſt does not regard the Event but the Manner of the Election.* And, laſtly, *That ſhe offers to deſiſt from the ſaid Proteſt as ſoon as ſhe ſhall have juſt Satisfaction for what is paſt*, and *ſufficient Security for what is to come.* But, in the Name of Heaven, what is all this to the Charge brought? It, in effect, indeed, condemns the Procedure of the Court of *V——a*, but how does it anſwer the Facts alledged? Theſe muſt *even now* ſtand in their full Force: The Inſult, *even now*, offered to the Prerogatives of the Electoral College muſt appear in the moſt glaring Colours, and the acknowledged Rights of the Imperial Dignity muſt, *even now*, be ſaid to be trampled upon, unleſs the Queen of *H——y* either proves the Election to have been illegal, or give the Lye to all her former Proceedings by an immediate Recognition of the Emperor's Authority. As *Engliſhmen*, we ought to take it amiſs that ſhe does not; ſince it was by the Voice of an *E——* King, tho' acting in another Capacity, that the Emperor was raiſed to the ſupreme Dignity he now enjoys. This Dignity, therefore, muſt ſtand upon its own Merits, independent of every other Conſideration; if it was illegally obtained, the Court of *Vienna*'s Recognition can never make it valid; if it was legal, the not ſatisfying her Intereſts or Demands, can never render it invalid. His *P——n* Majeſty, therefore, is by the Conceſſion of the Court of *V——a* itſelf juſtified, and left at full Liberty to eſpouſe a Cauſe which does not ſo much affect the Intereſts of the Courts either of *Franckfort* or *Vienna* (becauſe the Legality of the Election is even admitted by the latter) as it does the Prerogatives of the Empire in general, and thoſe of every Prince in particular who gave his Voice in making the Elector of *Bavaria* the Head of the Empire.

Another Charge, very expreſly laid down by the Court of *Berlin*, is, *that her* H——n *and his* B——c *Majeſty refuſed all Terms of Accomodation, even after the Emperor had declared, that for the Sake of Peace he was ready to renounce all the Pretenſions he had upon the Houſe of* Auſtria, *upon Condition of his being reſtored to his hereditary Dominions, but that thoſe advantageous and moderate Terms were rejected by the* E——ſs *M——ry*. To this Charge I find no Anſwer either made or attempted, it has ſtruck dumb the warmeſt Advocates for the Houſe of *A——a*, as well as thoſe for the Court of *L——n*. For ſo far from offering any Anſwer, the former openly, in the Reſcript before me, avows her Intentions of continuing the Flames of War in the Empire, even at the Time when the Treaty of *Breſlaw* was concluded. *His* P——n *M——y*, ſays the C---t of *V——a*, *both before and after the Concluſion of the Treaty of* Breſlaw, *was not unacquainted with the Queen's Deſire of being indemnified for the great Sacrifice made by it.* What is the *Engliſh* of this, or what can any Man who underſtands common Senſe make of it, but that even at the Time when the Peace of *Breſlaw* was made, the C——t of *V——a* had laid it down as a Maxim, never to ſheath the Sword till ſhe had indemnified herſelf at the Expence of one Power, for what ſhe had given up to another? But how was this to be done? why by lighting up in one Quarter the Flames of a War which had been extinguiſhed in another. But it unfortunately for the Court of *V——a* appears, that upon the very Face of the fifth Article of the Convention of *Klein Schuellendorff*, publiſhed by the *H——n* M——rs under the Atteſtation of the *B——ſh* Am——r, that the King of *P——a* was then ignorant of the Reſolution, or Deſire of the Q---n of *H-----y* to be indemnified for the Sacrifice ſhe had made, ſince his *P——n* M——v in that Article binds himſelf *to act no longer offenſively againſt the Court of* V——a *and its Allies, than till a general Peace.* That this might not be look'd upon as a vague Word, and to make it appear that upon the Ceſſion of *Sileſia* the Courts of *V——a*, *L——n*, and *B——n* then mutually underſtood each other to be ſincerely diſpoſed for Peace. It is expreſly ſtipulated by the ſeventh Article of the ſaid Convention, which was ſigned the 9th of *October*, 1742, *That Endeavours ſhould be uſed to make a definitive Treaty towards the End of the Month of next December.* Does this look like the Conſciouſneſs of a tacit Reſolution, to continue the War, being underſtood on either Side? A Reſolution inconſiſtent with common Honeſty, and common Policy; but which, from what has ſince happen'd, appears to have been then taken by the C——t of *V——a*, tho' evidently diſagreeable, at that Time, both to the Intereſts and Views of that of *Berlin*.

But, ſays the *H——n* Reſcript, *it was from an Acknowledgment of the Equity of ſuch an Indemnification that the Court of* B——n *propos'd to L----d* H——d *the ſecularizing certain Biſhopries, in Favour of the Houſe of* A——a. The Reader is, no doubt, ſenſible with what an affected Tenderneſs and Darkneſs all this Affair of the propoſing to ſecularize thoſe rich Biſhoprics is handled. All we know of it is, that the Court of *V——a* look'd upon it to be a very vile and iniquitous Propoſal. But it were to be wiſhed that the Public knew from what Quarter it firſt came, whether from *B——n* or St. *J——s*'s; whether it was communicated originally by one Miniſter, at the latter C---t, to the I——l Reſi-

* See *Rymer*'s Fœdera.

dent who dropt it to his own C---t, from whence it was circulated to *B-----n*; and whether it was not diſclaim'd loudly, both by the *B---ſh* and I------l M-----r, who wanted to ſhift the Blame upon the other, when it was found to be look'd upon with Deteſtation at the Court of *V----a*?

Biſt it happens through the ingenious Blundering of the laſt mentioned C---t, that it is left very doubtful whether the C---t of *B----n* ever did make any ſuch a Propoſition, tho' that ſuch a Propoſition was agitated, is beyond all Doubt. For, in the Reſcript before me, in the Narrative of that Affair, this Propoſal is ſaid to have been *inſinuated* to L---d *H----d*; but in the reaſoning Part afterwards they are called *P-----n Propoſals*. Now, I believe it will be very difficult to define the Figure of Speech by which an *Inſinuation* can be term'd *a Propoſal*, eſpecially as in the whole Reſcript, it is not pretended that thoſe Propoſals were made under any authentic Form or Inſtrument in Writing.

As I have already tranſgreſs'd upon the Bounds of your Paper, I ſhall reſerve what I have further to ſay, till another Opportunity. I ſhall beg Leave only to add this ſingle Obſervation, That the C---t of *V----a* evidently ſeems to have been perſuaded, if not directed, to refuſe all Offers of Accommodation; and that this Refuſal of what would have left her in Poſſeſſion of all ſhe has now, except the E---- te of *B-----a*, which the Empire never will ſuffer her to keep, is likely to coſt both her and us dear; and that whoever either adviſed or directed it, ought to be deem'd an Enemy equally to the Intereſt of *B----n*, and the Liberties of *Europe*.

I am yours,

PHILOIRENES.

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(*Price 6 d. and to be continued Weekly*)
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By an IMPARTIAL HAND.

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FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

PRUSSIA.

Berlin, Sept. 15. His Majeſty has order'd the following Proclamation to be publiſhed at the Head of his Troops, and in all Places that have ſubmitted to him in Bohemia; having alſo directed ſome thouſand Copies to be diſpers'd thro' that Kingdom.

'In this troubled Situation wherein we behold 'our dear Country at preſent, his Imperial Majeſ-'ty now reigning, being diſpoſſeſs'd of his Domi-'nions, and depriv'd of all Authority, the King of 'Pruſſia, our Maſter, could no longer defer do-'ing what his Imperial Majeſty deſired, and what 'became him to do, in virtue of his Obligations to 'the Emperor and Empire, as one of its principal 'States and Electors. In Conſequence of this, 'and from Views equally upright, and worthy of 'his Love to his Country, his Pruſſian Majeſty 'has granted a Part of his Forces to the Head of 'the Empire, under the Title of Auxiliaries; with 'a View, as well to reſtore the Authority and 'Dignity of the Imperial Office, abſolutely op-'preſs'd for the preſent, as to re-eſtabliſh Peace and 'general Tranquility throughout all Germany, our 'dear Country; and his Imperial Majeſty having 'thought that it would be both uſeful and neceſ-'ſary, in order to attain to this ſalutary End, 'that the ſaid Auxiliary Troops ſhould enter, and 'act in the Kingdom of Bohemia; we, by theſe 'our Letters Patent, make known the ſame to 'all the Vaſſals, Inhabitants, and Subjects of the 'Kingdom of Bohemia, whether they reſide in the 'great Towns, or in the open Country of the 'ſaid Kingdom. In the mean time, we moſt ſe-'rioufly exhort them not to make any Reſiſtance, 'or to oppoſe the leaſt Obſtacle towards the ſaid 'Auxiliary Troops, or their Undertakings; but 'to remain Quiet and at Peace, in their reſpective 'Dwellings. In which Caſe, they may promiſe 'themſelves Protection and Security; and be aſ-'ſur'd, that they ſhall not only be ſafe from any 'Soldiers entering into, or diſturbing them in their 'Eſtates, but alſo, that the ſaid Auxiliary Troops 'ſhall obſerve the ſtricteſt and moſt rigorous Diſ-'cipline; and that whatever they furniſh them, 'towards their Subſiſtence, or the Supply of their 'Neceſſities, in any reſpect, ſhall fairly be deducted 'out of the Contributions they ought to pay, or 'otherwiſe accounted for to the States and Subjects 'of Bohemia. But if, on the other Hand, any of 'the ſaid Vaſſals, Inhabitants, or Subjects of the 'Kingdom of Bohemia, ſhould be ſo ill adviſ'd, as 'to commit any Acts of Hoſtility againſt the ſaid 'Imperial Auxiliary Troops, in any Manner, or 'any Pretext whatſoever; we ſhall, without the 'leaſt Pity, employ Fire and Sword in puniſhing 'the Guilty. And to take away, before hand, 'all Occaſion for the committing ſuch Hoſtilities, 'it is by theſe Letters Patent, ſtrictly enjoin'd to 'all and every one of the Peaſants and Inhabitants 'of the Country of Bohemia, that whatever Arms 'they ſhall have in their Poſſeſſion, whether their 'own, or not, they ſhall, without any Exception, 'and without the leaſt Delay, carry them to the 'Lords from whom they hold their Lands, or to 'the Magiſtrates neareſt the Place of their Abode; 'ſo that the ſaid Lord or Magiſtrate, may, as it 'is expected he ſhould, become Security for their 'good Behaviour. And, in Conformity to this 'Proclamation, if, after the Publication thereof, 'any Inhabitant of the Country, or Peaſant, ſhall 'be found with Arms, either upon him, or in 'his Cuſtody, he ſhall be hang'd without farther 'Enquiry, and without Remiſſion; and the moſt 'rigorous Proceeding ſhall be had againſt the Lord, 'or Magiſtrate of the Place, in order to puniſh 'any Negligence, or Connivance in them; or, in 'Caſe the Circumſtances of the Thing deſerve it, 'the whole Village ſhall be pillag'd, and reduc'd to 'Aſhes.'

Given at our Head Quarters at Peterſwald, Auguſt 25, 1744.

GERMANY.

Dreſden, Sept. 17. A Body of Saxon Troops, amounting to 20,000 Men being ordered to march forthwith into Bohemia to the Aſſiſtance of the Queen of Hungary, every Thing is preparing with great Diligence for that Expedition; and it is computed that they will join the Army under General Bathiani by the 28th Inſtant, N. S. A Letter of the 15th, juſt arrived from the Pruſſian Camp before Prague, brings the following authentick Advices. That three Attacks had been formed by the King of Pruſſia againſt the Town; viz. two on this Side the Moldaw, one whereof was called the King's; and the other commanded by Lieutenant-General Truchſes; and the Third on the other Side of the River, commanded by Felt Marſhal Schwerin, which was the hotteſt of the three. That at the Beginning the Pruſſians had got Poſſeſſion of ſome Redoubts and Baſtions, made by the French during the former Siege, and without the Loſs of a Man, their Bombs having obliged the Gariſon to quit thoſe Poſts. That the Old and New Towns, and the Jews Town, had been battered and bombarded the 13th with great Fury; during which they fired but very ſparingly from the Place, the Cannon upon the Ramparts being diſmounted from the Batteries, excepting thoſe of the Caſtle called Radſchin. That the 14th at Noon his Pruſſian Majeſty had declared, that he would compleat the Breach, and give the Aſſault that Night; but that at Four in the Afternoon the Commandant had demanded to capitulate: Whereupon the Firing ceaſed on both Sides, and his Majeſty went to Marſhal Schwerin's Quarters: But that it was not known, at Nine at Night, whether the Conditions would be accepted, the King inſiſting abſolutely to have the Gariſon ſurrender Priſoners of War. That, according to all Appearance, the Commandant wanted Artillery, which, together with the Fire from the Bombs and red-hot Bullets, which had already reduced to Aſhes a great Part of the Town, and was ſtill burning that Evening, had probably obliged him to capitulate ſo ſoon. That there were different Accounts, at the Pruſſian Camp, of their Loſs, as well in the late Action near Beraun, as at the Siege of Prague. That this laſt had coſt the Life of Prince Frederic William, only Brother of the Margrave Charles, and Couſin German to the King of Pruſſia, who was killed the 12th Inſtant, by a Cannon Ball, near the King's Battery, and at his Side, and died generally lamented by the whole Army. It is added, that the ſame Ball kill'd a Page, named Noſtitz, belonging to the King's Brother, Prince Henry. That the Generals Bathiani and Feſtititz, remained at about four Leagues Diſtance from Prague; and that their two Corps were not reckoned, by the Pruſſians, to exceed 18,000 Men.

LONDON.

They write from Franckfort, that the Queen of Hungary having laid Part of the Dominions of the Elector Palatine under military Execution, it has been determin'd to let looſe the French Army upon the Territories of ſuch Princes as have in the preſent Troubles adhear'd to the Houſe of Auſtria.

Some private Letters from Bruſſels ſay, that a Party of Engliſh and Hanoverians had been beaten near Lanoy by a ſuperior Body of French Horſe and Foot, and that a Lieutenant-Colonel, a Major, two Captains, and a Lieutenant, had been taken Priſoners.

Extract of a Letter from St. John's Newfoundland, Auguſt 7.

There are ſail'd from this Place, to make an Attack upon the French Settlements on the North Part of this Iſland, four Privateers, two of 30 Guns, and two of 20, with 450 Men, a Lieutenant, and 40 Marines, from whom we daily expect Advice of their Succeſs.

The American Privateers have taken ſix Ships from Martinico, and carried them into Placentia.

The ———, Capt. Pace, a Privateer belonging to the Maſſachuſetts Bay, has taken two valuable Prizes, and carried them into Boſton.

Laſt Saturday came Advice, that eight Britiſh Ships, bound for Newfoundland have taken eighteen Bankers in their Paſſage.

His Majeſty has been pleas'd to appoint Capt. Chabane, of General Churchill's Regiment, to be Major in the ſaid Regiment, in the room of Major Jekyl lately deceas'd.

Sunday died Mrs. Leſtock, at the Admiral's Houſe in Chigwell, after an Indiſpoſition of three Weeks.

Sunday a noted Pickpocket was preſs'd by a Conſtable, and carried to Bridewell, were he had not been many Hours before he cut one off his Thumbs in order to diſappoint the Conſtable, and avoid doing any Service to his Country.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 17. Letters from Commodore Barnett, who arrived at Porto Praya, on the Iſland of St. Jago, on the 26th of May laſt, with a Squadron of his Majeſty's Ships under his Command, give an Account, that he found riding in that Road a Spaniſh Privateer, call'd the Amiable Maria, of fourteen Carriage and twelve Swivel Guns, and ſeventy nine Men; together with a Pinck of about 250 Tons, under Spaniſh Colours, which he at firſt took no Notice of, having no Intention to violate the Neutrality of the King of Portugal's Port; but being afterwards inform'd that the Privateer had taken the Pink, together with a Brigantine, and burnt two other Engliſh Ships, which were all at Anchor in the Iſle of May, and whoſe Men they left upon that Iſland; the Commodore acquainted the Governor, that finding the Privateer had ſo notoriouſly violated the Neutrality at the Iſle of May, he did not think himſelf obliged to obſerve any with Regard to her; and he accordingly ſummoned the Privateer and Pink to

ſurrender, which they did, and he took Poſſeſſion of them. The Commodore then ſent the Pink to the Iſle of May, for the Maſters and Men left there; and ſeeing the Brigantine in the Offing, which was taken by the Privateer and had drove out of Porto Praya Road, he ſent his Tender out to retake her, and they found her without a Man on board, the Spaniards having eſcaped on Shore to the Town of St. Jago, where they reported, that after the Brigantine drove out of the Bay, the ſeven Engliſhmen who were in her roſe upon them, and after a bloody Battle, in which five of the Engliſh were killed, the other two jumped over-board and were drowned; when the Spaniards ſeeing the Tender coming towards them, thought proper to make their Eſcape in the Boat. The Commodore heard that ſome of the Spaniards where killed, and all the reſt dangerouſly wounded.

The Pink was the Molly of Glaſgow, Alexander Butcher, Maſter; the Brigantine, the Elizabeth of New York, John Long, Maſter; and the two Veſſels burnt were the Merrimack of Marble-Head, John Bavage Maſter, and the Adventure, a Brigantine, John Berry, Maſter.

The Commodore put the proper Maſters and Men in Poſſeſſion of the Pink and Brigantine, and gave them all the Proviſions and Stores they laid Claim to, together with their Effects of all Kinds, ſo far as he was able to recover them.

We hear, that in Conſideration of the gallant Behaviour of Richard Hornby, Maſter of the Ship Wrightſon and Iſabella, a Collier of Sunderland, in defending his Ship, with only five Men and three Boys, when attack'd on the 13th of June laſt, upon the Coaſt of Holland, by a French Privateer of 10 Carriage and 8 Swivel Guns, with 75 Men; againſt which he defended himſelf for five Hours, tho boarded ſeveral Times, and at laſt obliged the Privateer to ſheer off, and immediately afterwards ſhe blew up, by a Shot fired into her Stern, whereby all her Crew periſhed; the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty have recommended him to his Majeſty for a Gold Chain and Medal of 100l. Value, and his Crew to be rewarded with a Bounty of 5l. to each Man, and 40s. to each Boy, to encourage others, under the like Circumſtances, to exert themſelves in the Defence of their Ships.

BANKRUPTS.

John Trymer, of the Pariſh of Waltham Holy Croſs in Eſſex, Butcher and Chapman.

Edward Kemmis, of the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter, Butcher and Chapman.

Edward Haſwell, of Preſteigne in the County of Radnor, Grocer and Haberdaſher.

General-Poſt Office, London, Sept. 14, 1744.

WHEREAS *a Term of ſix Months was allow'd by the 19th Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, between Great Britain and France, for the Subjects of both Crowns, in Caſe of a Rupture, to withdraw their Effects out of the reſpective Kingdoms; and whereas the ſaid Term of ſix Months, computing from the Time of the Declaration of War between his Majeſty and the French King, is now near expir'd: Publick Notice is hereby given to all manner of Perſons whom it may concern, that no Packet-Boat whatever will be permitted to ſail between Dover and Calais from and after the Thirtieth of this Inſtant September, Old Stile, and that a Stop will thenceforward be put to the Communication and Correſpondence hitherto allow'd of by Means of the ſaid Packet-Boats.*

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter General,
GEORGE SHELVOCKE, *Sec.*

This Day is publiſh'd,
(Price Six-pence.)
The SECOND EDITION,

A LETTER from HANOVER, ſhewing the true Cauſe of the preſent Broils of Germany and Confuſions of Europe; and particularly, the probable Motives and Conſequences of the King of Pruſſia's Second Invaſion of the Auſtrian Territories: With Obſervations on his Pruſſian Majeſty's late Manifeſto, and the Diſinclination of the Dutch to declare againſt France. Done into Engliſh from the original High Dutch.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater noſter-Row.

This Day is publiſh'd, Price 6 d.
The Third Edition,
Corrected and Enlarged from the laſt Dublin Edition.

A LETTER to T---- P-----, Eſq; from the Author of Siris. Containing ſome farther Remarks on the Virtues of TAR-WATER, ſhewing the ſeveral Medicinal Properties of it, and the Methods for preparing and uſing of it.

Non ſibi, ſed toti.

'Nothing is more difficult or diſagreeable, than to argue Men out 'of their Prejudices. I ſhall not, therefore, enter into Controverſies 'on this Subject; but, if Men diſpute and object, ſhall leave the De'ciſion to Time and Trial. *Siris*, § 68.

To which is added,

An Anſwer to a ſuppos'd Phyſician's Letter to the Right Rev. the Biſhop of Cloyne, occaſioned by his Lordſhip's Treatiſe on the Virtues of Tar-Water.

Dublin printed, London re-printed, for W. Inny's, C. Hitch, and M. Cooper, in Pater-noſter-Row; and C. Davis, in Holbourn.

Where may be had,

A new Edition, with Additions, of Siris. A Chain of Philoſophical Reflexions and Enquiries, concerning the Virtues of Tar-Water.

This Day is publiſh'd,
(Price One Shilling)

NUMBER XIII. *which compleats the Second Volume of*

THE HARLEIAN MISCELLANY: Or, a Collection of Scarce, Curious, and Entertaining Pamphlets and Tracts, as well in Manuſcript as in Print, found in the late Earl of Oxford's Library.

CONTAINING,

I. A late Voyage to Holland, continued.
II. The Dutch Remonſtrance concerning the Proceedings and Practices of John de Witt, Penſionary; and Ruwaert Van Putten, his Brother; with others of that Faction.
III. The Copie of a Piſtel or Letter ſent to Gilbard Potter, in the Tyme when he was in Priſon, for ſpeakinge on our moſt true Quenes Part, the Lady Mary, before he had his Eares cut of, the xiij. of Julye.
IV. Verſes (poke to the Lady Henrietta Cavendiſh Holles Harley, in the Library of St. John's College, Cambridge, November the 9th, Ann. 1719. By Mr. Prior.

Interſperſ'd with Hiſtorical, Political, and Critical Notes.

Printed for T. Osborne, in Gray's-Inn; and ſold by J. Robinſon, at the Golden Lion, in Ludgate-ſtreet. Where Propoſals at large with an Account of this Undertaking may be had, Gratis, and of all Bookſellers both in Town and Country.

Thoſe Gentlemen who have not yet taken in this Work, may begin with No. I. of the Firſt Volume, and go on progreſſively.

N. B. The Proprietor of this Work, having been adviſed, by many judicious Gentlemen, who are his Subſcribers, to publiſh at the End of every Week a Miſcellany, a full and exact Catalogue of the moſt conſiderable Pamphlets in the Harleian Library; with ſome ſhort Account, as Occaſion ſhall offer, of their Characters, Contents, &c. the ſame will accordingly appear in the 1ſt No. of the 3d Vol. as well to manifeſt the great Variety of Curioſities therein, little known to many Readers; as to make ſuch a Catalogue was never before attempted; the very Titles whereof will be uſeful in many other Reſpects; but principally, to gratify his Subſcribers, with an Opportunity of being their own Choiſers, and recommending any of them to Publication in the ſaid Work: Whereby many choice Pieces, which have never been ſold ſeparately, under five, ten, twenty Shillings, and more, will, beſides others in every Number, be ſold as uſual for one Shilling.

Thurſday, the 13th Inſtant, will be publiſh'd,
(Price Two Shillings)

ORiginal LETTERS and PAPERS between Admiral M-----s and Vice-Admiral L---k; with ſeveral Letters from private Hands; exhibiting many Particulars hitherto unknown, of the Tranſactions in the Mediterranean. With Remarks on, and Anſwers to, the Narrative of the Fleet from 1741 to 1744, eſpecially on the Author's Partiality, and great Liberties with the Characters of ſome brave Commanders. Alſo Obſervations on the Conduct of our Navy in general.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noſter-Row.

The Univerſal Family MEDICINE,

Still more and more fam'd, after upwards of Twenty Years Succeſs with the Publick,

Is ſold by the Author's Appointment, only by Mr. King, Printſeller, in the Poultry, near the Royal-Exchange; by Mr. Martin, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland, in Cranbourn-Alley near Leiceſter-Fields; and by Mr. Hildyard, Bookſeller in York; at 3s. the Bottle Retail.

It is to be taken at any Seaſon of the Year, and is ſo very agreeable to Young and Old, that Children take it without Trouble, a few Drops being a Doſe; and ſo Gentle, that it weakens not the moſt Aged: For it is a ſafe and effectual Alterative, to be taken in a leſs Doſe than where Purging is neceſſary.

It is in particular,

A Certain and infallible Cure for the SCURVY, tho' of the longeſt Standing, and attended with the moſt aggravated Circumſtances, (a Diſtemper ſo common to Engliſh People, that not one in a thouſand is wholly exempt from it, and great Numbers are ſorely afflicted with it) being a cordial Elixir, peculiarly adapted to that Diſeaſe in all its Forms of appearing, from the ſlighteſt itching Humour in the Blood, to it's utmoſt or laſt Efforts on human Nature.

For it is a true Speciſick Cordial, that perfectly cures that Diſtemper by gentle Evacuation, by Stool and Urine, the only ſure and effectual Way perfectly to cure the Scurvy, &c. and prevent Relapſes, the Truth of which is witneſſed daily, by the many Thouſands that have taken this Medicine. It ſo powerfully rectifies the Blood and Juices, that ſcrophulous Cafes are alſo ſpeedily cured by it; and all Spots, Blotches, Pimples, &c. on the Skin, are quickly and entirely taken off, the Patients made lively and brisk, many chronick Diſeaſes prevented, and a due State of Health ſecured.

It removes all Pain in the Stomach, helps Digeſtion, opens Obſtructions, and is peculiarly ſerviceable to Maids inclined to, or troubled with the Green Sickneſs. 'Tis the beſt Medicine in the World to deſtroy Worms in Children or grown People, and prevent their Return; for it ſcours away all thoſe ropy, viſcid Humours which breed them in their Bowels, and is ſo well adapted to all Conſtitutions, that it is deſervedly eſteem'd the moſt generally Family Medicine that ever was known to preſerve Health.

Good Allowance is given Wholeſale by Mr. King, for ready Money, to Country Shopkeepers, &c. to ſell again. This Medicine will keep many Years in any Climate.

Laſt Saturday was publiſh'd,
NUMBER I.
And this Day is publiſh'd,
NUMBER II. (Price Three-pence)

A COLLECTION of Original LETTERS.

Note, in No. I contains 1. Letter from a Lady, which gives an Account of Greek Prieſts; Mahometan's Paradiſe for the Fair Sex, with what is requir'd of them to obtain it; the Learning of the Turks; the fantaſtical Conjunction of different Nations; and the Reaſon Engliſh Women are enamour'd with Hoop-Petticoats. 2. For a noble Lord who retired from public Buſineſs. 3. From Oliver Cromwell to his Wife. 4. The laſt Letter of Biſhop Rundel. 5. Lord Derby's Loyal Letter to Cromwell. 6. Mr. Waller's Compliment of Cuffes. 7. A Voyage to Holland, with its Deſcription, and of a Storm; the Dutch proved more gaudy than the French. 8. An Account of the Duke of Wharton's Misfortunes; with Letters from a Perſon of Quality to a Lady.

Printed by the Editor's Appointment, for W. Bickerton, in the Temple-Exchange, Fleet-ſtreet.

Dr. R. NELSON, being well Known to have made the cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice for above thirty Years, does recommend his moſt Noble Cleanſing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thouſands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World,

For Gleets and Weakneſſes,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Deſtroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (than which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Cuſtom of Self-Pollution (that curſed School Wickedneſs, which ſpoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in th' Bud) or from involuntary Emiſſions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which draine and dry up the Seminals, and withers, as it were the Generative Faculties, cauſing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenneſs in Women, (or but a weakly, ſickly Offspring if univerſal in the long Run (by impoveriſhing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Conſumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleaſant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpoſe; for let the Inhability be ever ſo great, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Veſſels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits comforting, nourifhing, and replenifhing the Reins and ſeminals and ſtrengthning, and reſtoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much ſoever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed, which before was thin, watriſh, or yellowiſh, and conſequently inſufficient, either for Procreation, or the Act of it.

All Diſorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or ſmarting, or foul, ſlimy, thready, greaſy or ſtinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Cauſe are likewiſe ſpeedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as ſtrongly, and yet brought away as freely, eaſily, full ſtream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5s. a Bottle. Prepared by the abovesaid Author, and ſold only (ſealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. ISTED's, a Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball between St. Dunſtan's Church and Chancery-Lane End in Fleet-Street, asking only for a 5s. Bottle of Elixir.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that ſine CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, in effect, it is ſo ſufficiently contributive as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way, not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree be eſſential as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and ſo reſtores the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſcuſi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility in either Sex, and Doubt leſs in Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is ſo ſtrongly by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a helpful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a conſtant Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which the Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience it nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and ſtrengthening and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, to ſet it on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time seldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who uſed to ſell the ſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon a Jeweller, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon taking for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

The only True Specifick TINCTURE

For the TOOTH-ACH, *and all Disorders and Defects of the* TEETH *and* GUMS *whatever, which has given such intire Satisfaction to the Nobility and Gentry for above these Twenty Years past, by its wholly excluding all other Things, either formerly invented or lately contrived for those Purposes;*

SINCE one Drop of it gives infallible and instant Ease in the most tormenting Pain, when nothing else will, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but absolutely cures the TOOTH-ACH, so as certainly to prevent its Return.

At only once using, it makes the foulest Teeth a soft beautifully white, assuredly fastens those that are loose, and infallibly preserves the Teeth from growing rotten, and those a little decayed, from becoming worse: It perfectly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, causing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration, and also occasions a sweet Breath.

It is neither disagreeable to the Smell or Taste, but effectually preserves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulness, Corruption and Putrefaction, keeps them sound, good, and in most beautiful Order, and may be depended upon to answer the Character here given of it, literally, and in every Respect, as Persons innumerable have experienced.

But these immutable Qualities, and solely inherent Virtues by which it has justly gained such an universal and unparalell'd great Character, have occasion'd, as usual in such Cases, various and frequent Endeavours to mimick it, some under the same Name, and in the very Words of this Advertisement, and others under other Names; be careful, therefore, to have the right, which may be infallibly relied upon, and which is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewoman at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3*s.* 6*d.* a Bottle, with Directions.

Good Allowance to those who take Quantities for Exportation.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

JOSEPH EMERTON, COLOURMAN,

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London, Brother to the late Mr* Alexander Emerton, *and who, in the said* Alexander Emerton's *Life time, chiefly managed his Business,*

SELLS all Sorts of Colours in greater Perfection than the said late Alexander Emerton did, by the Help of a new invented Machine, or Horse-Mill, being an Improvement upon the Plan of his said late Brother's Mill, and far exceeding it. So that Gentlemen, Builders and others may depend upon being supplied with the best, finest, and neatest ground Colours, with which they may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Nicety, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He also sells Floor-Cloths of all Sizes, and Patterns at the cheapest Rate.

And deals only for READY MONEY.

This Day is publish'd,

The Sixteenth Edition of

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Physical Advice to those who have already injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-Bed, together with divers Cathedrical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. St. HILDEBERT, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia, concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Resemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words:

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now Sold by J. ISTED, Bookseller, (Mr. CROUCH, Bookseller, in Pater-noster Row, being dead) at the Golden Ball, between St. Dunstan's Church and Chancery Lane, in Fleet-street. Price Bound 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANTISYPHILICON

THE only fluent and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Antisyphilicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Redford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

To Persons of either Sex.

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* NERVOUS DEATS.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been; nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers. This occasioned a Physician, who employ'd his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other nervous Complaints now reigning, which after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon find all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wish'd for in nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits warms, comforts strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enticeable Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralytick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs Hoit's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 3*s.* 6*d.* a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

An immediate and never failing Cure for DEAFNESS, *Thickness of Hearing, Noise or Pain in the Ears, &c.*

BY a noble Chymical Preparation, the most excellent Medicine for this Purpose that ever was known, far exceeding all Things ever yet published, or made Use of; its Virtues are beyond Expression, and cannot be truly known but by Experience: Words come short of its just Praise.

It is a certain, and, as it were, an instant Cure for Deafness, Thickness of Hearing, Noise or Pain in the Ears, from what Cause soever, or of ever so long standing, having cur'd vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes and all Ages, that have been in a Manner totally deaf, after all other Means and Medicines, external and internal, by Advice, and also by Publication, have fail'd, with the greatest Ease and Safety, and to their utmost Satisfaction and Wonder: for

In a peculiar Manner, it strengthens, softens and loosens, the Drum of the Ear, which by being dry'd or shrivell'd, is often the first and chief Cause of every Complaint of want of Hearing, or of Noise or Pain in the Ears, &c to remedy all which, this noble Medicine is a true Specifick that never fails perfectly to cure all possibly curable Cases, after all other Means and Medicines have utterly fail'd, which is more than can be said of any other Thing in the whole World besides itself: Any Cold in the Head, or any Hurt by congeal'd Matter in the Ears, it instantly cures.

It is sold for 2*s.* 6*d* each Bottle, by the Author's special Appointment, at Mr Richard's Tinshop, the Sign of the Black Horse and Star, in Fleet street, near Fleet-Market, and no where else in England.

This Day is publish'd,

Neatly bound in Calf, Price 2*s.* 6*d.*

The Eighth Edition (*with some very material Additions and several* vulgar Errors, *concerning the* Female Sex, *refuted*) of

THE LADIES PHYSICAL DIRECTORY: Or, a Treatise of all the Weaknesses, Indispositions and Diseases peculiar to the Female Sex, from 11 Years of Age to Fifty and upwards; by which Women and Maids of the meanest Capacity may perfectly understand the Symptoms, Nature and true Cause of their own Illnesses, and readily know how to manage themselves under all their Infirmities. With proper Remedies, in English, prescribed for the Green-Sickness, Obstructions, immoderate Fluxes, Hysterick Affections, the Piles, and every other Disorder or Distemper the Fair Sex are peculiarly liable to, whereby they may certainly and quickly cure themselves without Trouble, or the Advice or Knowledge of any other Person.

To which is annexed,

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Where, on the Table, it doth Ready Lie,
For All Who'll Step in For't in PASSING BY.

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